Extreme Light Infrastructure – Nuclear Physics (ELI-NP)

Nuclear Physics

Andreas Zilges Universität zu Köln

KHUK Bad Honnef • 11/2017

BMBF Verbund 05P2015





Darmstadt – Köln – München

Extreme Light Infrastructure – a European project



ELI ATTOSECOND LIGHT PULSE SOURE (ELI-ALPS) (SZEGED, HUNGARY)

Ultrashort laser pulses with high repetition rate. Dynamic studies in the attosecond scale.

ELI-BEAMLINES (PRAGUE, CZECH REPUBLIC)

Short-pulse secondary sources of particles and radiation. Biomdedical, material, molecular sciences.



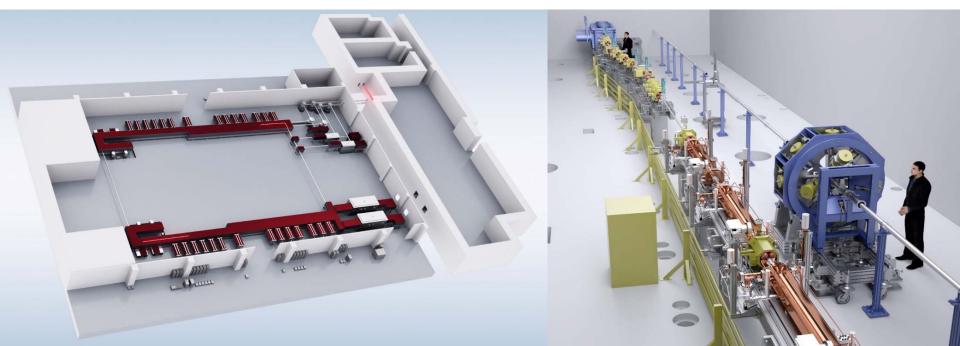
ELI NUCLEAR PHYSICS (ELI-NP) (BUCHAREST, ROMANIA)

Ultrahigh-intensity lasers, intense MeV Gamma-beams. Laser-particle acceleration laser, photonuclear physics.

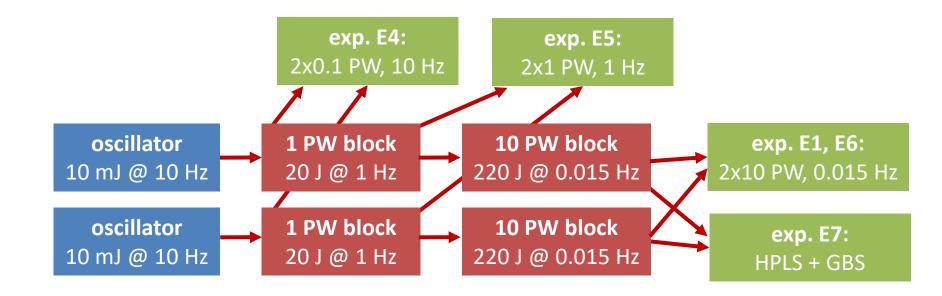


- high power laser system **HPLS**, 2 x 10 PW maximum
- high intensity gamma beam system **GBS**, $E_{\gamma} = 0.2-19.5$ MeV from laser-Compton backscattering
- eight experimental areas

Total investment: about 350 M€





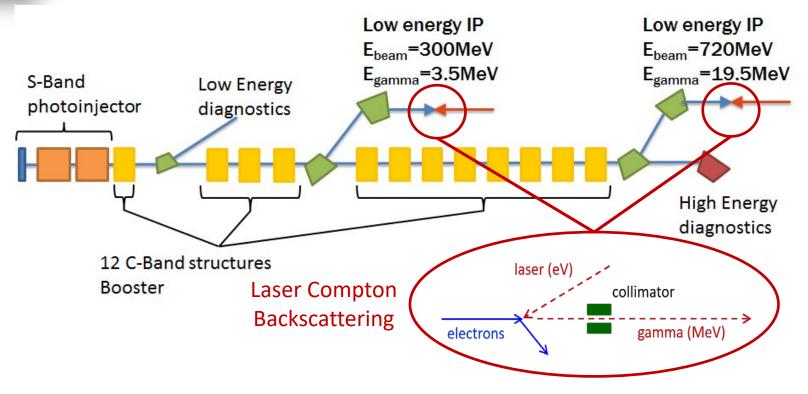


- intensities up to 10²³ W/cm²
- electric fields up to 10¹⁵ V/m
- pulse duration < 50 fs





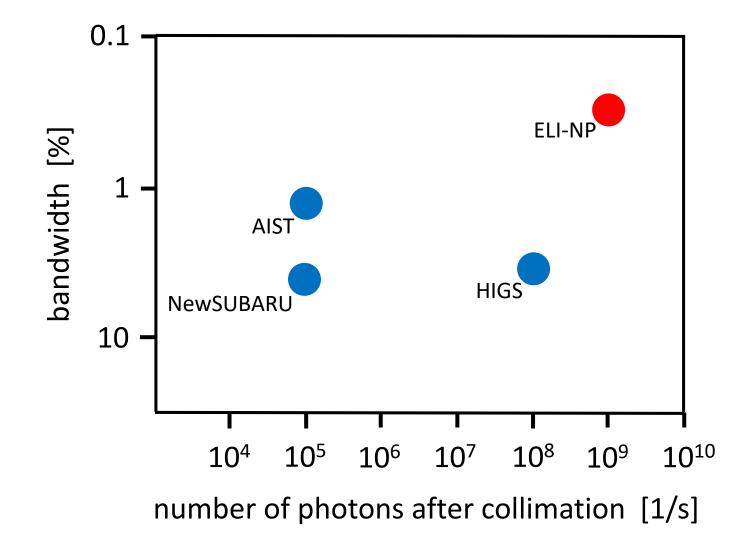
Gamma Beam System - GBS



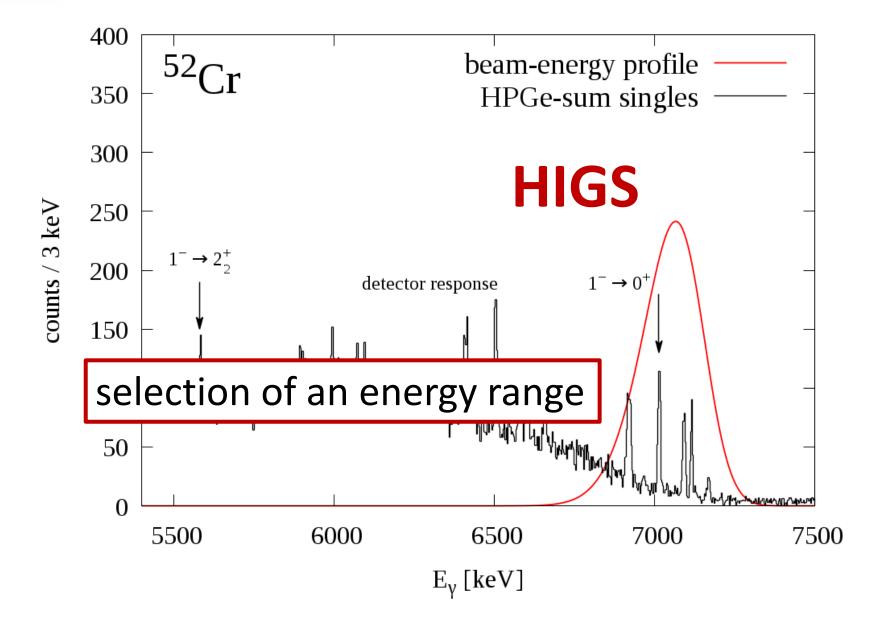
- variable energy (0.2-19.5 MeV)
- quasi-mononenergetic ($\Delta E/E < 0.5\%$)
- high-intensity (10⁴ photons/s/eV)
- completely polarized

NUCLEAR PHOTONICS

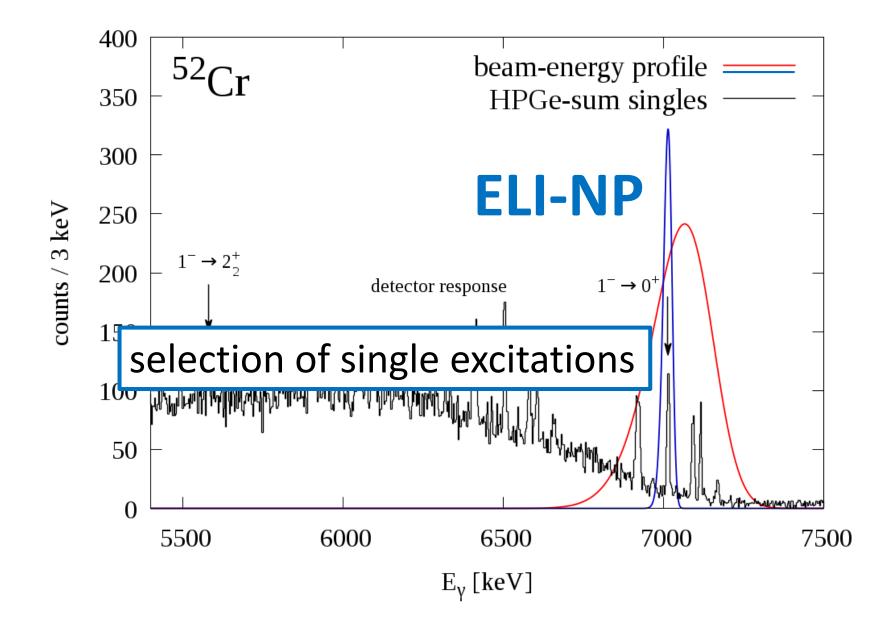














Commissioning of ELI-NP

- Funds approved: September 2012
- Start of construction: June 2013
- Civil construction finished: June 2017

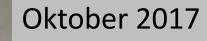
experimental hall

office building, guest house, restaurant



Commissioning of ELI-NP: High Power Laser System

- most components in final position
- 4900 m² clean room operational
- 100 TW running since 10/2017
- 10 PW in 2019



Oktober 2016

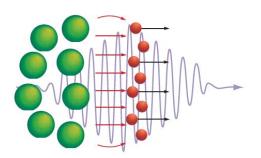


Commissioning of ELI-NP: Gamma Beam System

- all accelerator and laser parts tested before delivery
- re-assembling al ELI-NP started in 10/2017
- all experimental setups nearly finished
- first test beam 2018, full beam 2019



High power laser-matter interaction





How effective is ion acceleration by laser beams?



The fission-fusion mechanism: A new way to extremely neutron-rich isotopes



Development of ultra-relativistic electron sources

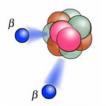


Selective manipulation of excitations in atomic nuclei

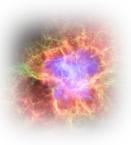




How do nuclear excitations violate parity?



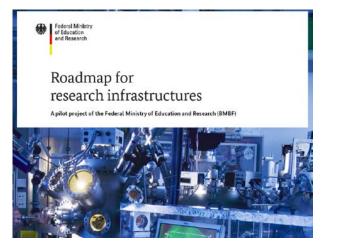
Are there new boundary conditions to the neutrinoless double-beta decay?

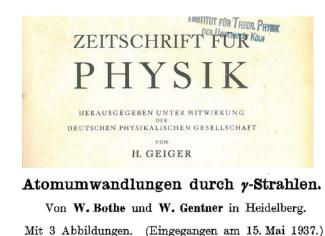


What is the equation of state of nuclear matter and of neutron stars?



- ELI-NP is on the roadmap of research infrastructures of the BMBF.
- Long history and expertise in photonuclear research in Germany.
- Strong involvement of German research groups from the very beginning of ELI-NP: Planning phase, white book.
- Major contributions (co-editing) to various TDRs.
- Membership in various comitees: ISAB (4/10), ISAB-ELI-RO (2/5), Co-organization Nuclear Photonics 2016 and 2018
- BMBF network 0P52015: ELI-NP supported since July 2015.











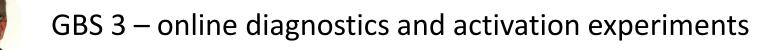
GBS 1 – photofission at the barrier





GBS 2 – pair spectrometer







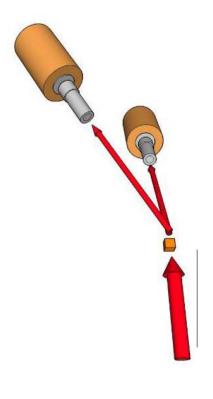
GBS 4 – NRF setup and day-one experiments



HPLS 1 – laser acceleration of heavy ions



- Compton-scattering based photon beam monitor
- Signal read out and transfer system for segemented Ge detectors
- Detector tests





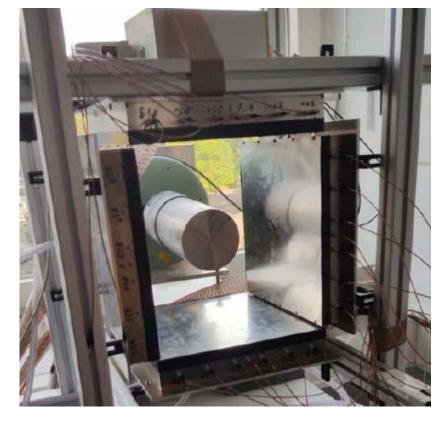




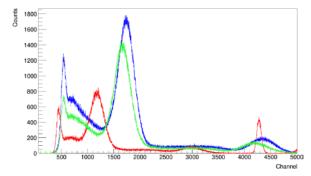


- Multi-cathode ionisation chamber for fission fragments
- Photodiode read-out (APD and SiPM) for szintillator crystals









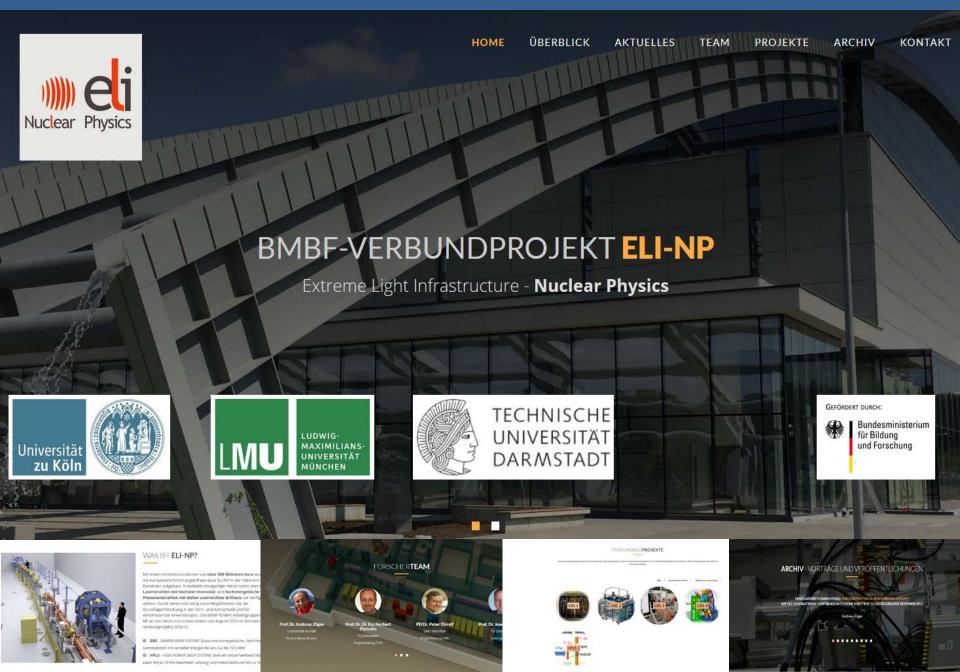


- Target wheel and positioning system
- From non-electronic detection to CMOS pixel detectors





www.ikp.uni-koeln.de/elinp





BMBF network ELI-NP: 2018-2021

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GBS1: Test mit Quelle und S-DALINAC													
GBS1: Erweiterung Multi-Anoden-Kammer													
GBS1: Entwicklung DAQ bei ELI-NP													
GBS1: Experimente an U- und Pt-Kernen													
GBS2: Aufbau Paarspektrometer												- (
GBS2: Experimente an der Schwelle											^	()	
GBS2: Pulsformanalyse ELIADE								~	ว่	[]	U	•	
GBS2: Aufbau verzögerte Spektroskopie						√	1P	>\	O	•		7	
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HPSL1: Abbremseffekte in Festkörperfolie													
HPSL1: Energieverlust in Plasmen													
HPLS2: Recherche und Simulation													
HPLS2: Test an Neutronenquellen													
HPLS2: Aufbau Neutronen-Strahlführung													
HPLS2: NRS an Kompositmaterial													
HPLS2: Probenherstellung													
¥	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	
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